Numeric Data Type (bool & complex)

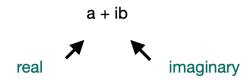
- · Boolean and complex are numeric data type
- Boolean data is Logical data
- There are useful to write in conditions and relational operations
- They give result in TRUE / FALSE format where

• Example:

```
>>> a=True
>>> a
True
>>> int(a)
1
>>> type(a)
<class 'bool'>
```

Complex Numbers

- · Complex numbers will have real part and imaginary part
- · They are mostly used in mathematic



- Here i is the pre- define constant
- In mathematics we know that square root of negative numbers is undefined, lets take an example to understand this

$$25 + \sqrt{-9}$$

 $25 + \sqrt{-1} * 9$
 $25 + \sqrt{-1} * \sqrt{9}$
 $25 + \sqrt{-1} 3$
 $25 + i3$

- If you are developing any application in python which are involving python number then we can use complex datatype
- We can create complex numbers using integer, float value and even functions

$$X = 3 + 5j$$
 // Integer
 $x = 3.5 + 5.9j$ // float
 $X = complex(3.5, 5.9)$ // function

• Operations like + , - , * , / are also performed on complex numbers